LINCOLN WEDNESDAY JULY 10. 1889

TALKING IT ALL OVER.

BRUISERS.

A General Impression That Kilrain Was in no Condition to Fight.

Muldoon Expresses Gratification at the Result, but is Through With the Ring.

Sullivan Will Not Claim the Fox Medal-The Remarkable Record of Salvator-Yesterday's Events on the Diamond,

After the Battle. New Orleans, July 9.—The sporting fraternity in town spent the morning in talking over the fight. Many left town by the early trains and by night the majority of them will be gone. Kilrain is still suffering severely, but his backers say no bones are broken, although he was badly hurt internally. It is expected that Kilrain and one or two of his friends will be ready to leave town Friday morning unless fear of arrest hastens their departure. Gov. Lowry of Mississippi this morning issued a proclamation stating that he will extradite all the participants in the fight, especially Sullivan and Kilrain, with their seconds. Sullivan's fear of arrest will probably interfere with the arrangements for the reception and the champion is being kept secluded. Arrangements are being made to have the Sullivan party go back to New York by steamer. The backers of the big fellow want to keep him from drinking, and it is believed this will do him good. It is reported that Kilrain was seriously sick before the fight; his ailment being of a private nature. Mitchell is supposed to have known of this,

but Donovan did not. Wm. Muldoon, the wrestler, who trained Sullivan for the fight, had this to say to an Associated press reporter today when asked his opinion of the fight: "My impression is that it was the greatest fight that ever took place between heavy weights. The fighting was fast and furious all through, and I don't think a man was ever born who could have whipped Sullivan yesterday. He did not know at the end of the fight he had not know at the end of the fight he had fought over half an hour. He was as strong as when the fight commenced, and could have fought two hours longer if necessary. He refrained from fast, needless fighting by my advice, as I did not want him to meet with any accidents. I consider Kilrain the greatest heavy weight fighter living outside of Sullivan. He is a game, determined fellow, and I think if he had fought according to his own judgment instead of taking the cowardly and tricky advice of men who were behind him, he would not have been him, he would not have been hissed by the people present, and the American public would have more to admire in him today than at any time ince he came into prominence. I don't think he was in condition for a hard fight in this hot climate. He was trained too fine and so became very weak. I allowed my man seven pounds to lose in the fight, and after the battle was over he was just six and a quarter pounds lighter than when he entered the ring. He was not a bit tired, was cheerful and in no way injured. My advice to him is to live the balance of his life slow and easy and never again enter the ring as a principal. He is now restored to perfect health and may yet live long and enjoy good health if he will only take care of himself. This is my last connection with a slugging match."

Did Mitchell Play Him False. New Orleans, La., July 9.—Kilrain did not seem to be feeling the effects of his punishment much this morning. There are queer rumors about him. After arriving at the club house last night he vomited a greenish substance, some of which has been kept for analysis. It is learned that for some time previous to the fight he had been aking medicine for some ailment. Dr. Dougherty of Philadelphia was treating him. The doctor says it was for a "boil. Some of the members of the club say that if they had known this they would never have invited Kilrain to be their guest. Mike Donovan says he knew nothing about it previous to the fight.
There seems no doubt that Mitchell knew it. Prof. Robinson, trainer at the Southern athletic club, who saw the fight, alleges that it was a hippodrome. He says Sullivan could have ended the fight any time. The men seemed to have an understanding. While all agree that Kilram was in no condition to fight, few agree with Prof. Robinson. Kilrain was treated rather cooly at the club this morning before he left for Galveston. Sullivan and his party left at 4:30 p. m. for home, via the Queen & Crescent route. Marsh Redon has deposited \$100 to make a match between Lenuel McGregor, the "St. Joe Kid" and leak Folker of Trackles for \$1,000 to Jack Fallen of Brooklyn, for \$1,000 to \$5,000 a side in November, within 200

miles of New Orleans.

A Badly Punished Man. NEW ORLEANS, July 9.—It will be a long time before Kilrain is the same man physically that he was at sunrise yesterday morning. The muscles of his breast, as well as of the heart, are badly hurt and a prominent physician here says he will have stitches in his side whenever he takes an unusually full breath for years to come. Kilrain's left ear is swollen to nearly three times its natural size, the right eye is badly swollen and there is a nasty cut on the upper lip that gives to that member an unpleasant protruding appearance. The report that Kilaain and his friends left the city this morning to avoid possible arrest was denied by Bud Renaud this evening, who said that the party would be back in the morning. Outside of a ittle redness of the skin Sullivan's cast iron chest shows not the slightest trace of Kilrain's blows, and his only marks of

Sullivan Begins to Celebrate. NEW ORLEANS, July 9.—Sullivan, Muldefeated.

doon and Cleary are still at their old quarters on Rampart street. Sullivan and Cleary drove to Spanish Fort late this afternoon, and while returning stopped at a friend's on Esplanade street BRIEFS CONCERNING THE and Sullivan drank quite freely. At 9:30 this evening Sullivan was pre-sented at the gymnastic club with a horse shoe of flowers and made a brief speech of thanks. He reached his rooms at 9:45, very much under the influence of liquor. Four policemen stood outside to see that he did not do any damage. It is said that Sullivan and Cleary start for New York tomorrow on the steamship Hudson. It is not known whether Muldoon will go with them or not.

Considers it Unnecessary. New Orleans, July 9.—Sullivan says he will not accept Fox's belt either for his bull dog or himself, feeling that this is not necessary in establishing the fact that he is the champion pugilist.

THE TURF.

At Chicago.

CHICAGO, July 9.-First race, threequarters of a mile—Extravagance first, Mount Lebanon second, Mary Malloy third. Time, 1:161.

Second race, one and one-sixteenth miles—Ed Mack first, Lady Hemphill second, Bravo third. Time, 1:464-5.
Third race, the Drexel stakes, one mile -Joe Courtney first, Champagne Char-lie second, Come to Taw third. Time,

Fourth race, handicap sweepstakes, one mile and seventy yards—Guilford first, Castaway second, Bridge Light third. Time, 1:45 4-5.

Fifth race, three-quarters of a mile, heats—First heat, Brandolette first, Mamie Hunt second, Vidette third. Time, 1:15 1-5. Second heat, Brandolette first, Cupid second, Reward third. Time, 1:15. The record of 1:461 made by Dyer at Nashville last fall and equaled by Clay Stockon at Lexington last spring was smashed today in the handicap of a mile and seventy yards. by Gilford, who, with 107 pounds up, covered the distance in 1:45 4-5. Castaway forced him to it, he running Gilford to a head after a most

exciting finish. It was one of the finest races of the meeting, and Bridgelight, Comedy and St. Albans were all knocking at the door at the finish. At Monmouth Park. MONMOUTH PARK, July 9.—The attendance here today was rather light. The fifth race was divided and run in two divisions, making in all seven events that were decided. Three of these were stakes for two year olds, the third the Shrewsbury handicap and then the Lorillard stakes, which is the second richest

stake of the year for three year olds. Mr. Hoggin won the Lorillard stake with Salvator. He was ridden by Isaac Murphy, who had come on from Chicago especially to ride him. This race, without doubt, stamps Salvator the best three year old of the year. His earnings already amount to \$65,000. Mile and a furlong—Belinda won in 1:57, Bigonette second, Burch third.

Three-fourths of a mile-Cayuga won in 1:15, Gleaming second, Banquet third.

Mile and a half-Eurus won, Raceland second, Inverwick third. Time. 2:05.

Lorillard stakes, mile and a half—Salvator won by two lengths in 2:37‡, Longstreet second, Favordale (colt) third Sorrento fourth.

Five-eighths of a mile—G. W. Cook won, Haremboure second, Utility third. Time, 1:014.

Five-eighths of a mile—Aurier won in 1:02‡, Sunsine second, Fred B. third. Three-fourths of a mile-Middlestone won in 1:18, Gretha second, Cliffwood tnird.

BASE BALL. National League.

AT NEW YORK.

New York, July 9.—The score

Umpire---Powers. AT WASHINGTON.

Washington, July 9.—The score:
Washington ... 2 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 -- 2
Shicago ... 2 0 4 0 2 0 0 2 *--10
Base hits—Washington 4, Chicago 14. Errors—Washington 8, Chicago 3.
Batteries—O'Day, Haddock and Clark, Gumert and Farrell. Umpire-Lynch.

AT BOSTON.

Umpire---Curry.

AT PHILADELPHIA.

Umpire—McQuade.

American Association. AT CINCINNATI.

Baldwin. Umpire—Goldsmith. Western Association.

AT OMAHA. OMAHA, July 9.—The St. Joseph game was postponed--rain. AT ST. PAUL.

St. Paul. July 9.—The St. Paul Des Moines game was postponed—rain. AT MILWAUKEE. MILWAUKEE, July 9 .- The score:

Do you suffer from scrofula, salt rheum or other humors? Take Hood's Sarsaparilla, the great blood purifier. 100 doses

WEATHER PROBABILITIES. WASHINGTON, July 9, 10 p. m .- Indications for Nebraska: Fair: light showers s in southern portion; light, northerly winds, becoming variable.

REGULATING LIQUOR SALES. PROVIDENCE, R. I., July 9.—The general assembly was convened in special session today to enact a law to regulate the liquor traffic. A special committee was appointed to report. July 16 on a liquor law. In the house a license law was introduced including among its provisions local option, with the license to manufacture or sell fixed at not less than \$1,000; the retail license at not less than \$200, and a general increase of \$50 punishment are a contused and swollen in the former license. The assembly adjourned to July 16. A motion to hold the adjourned session at Newport was

FINDINGS IN THE WEBER COURT MARTIAL.

Gen. Schofield Approves the Verdict, but Indulges in a Little Criticism.

E. C. Parkinson of Seward, Neb., Appointed Examiner in the Pension Office.

New Postmasters For Plattsmouth, Geneva and Tecumseh-An Order Issued to Gen. Crook-Mis-

a cellaneous Capital News.

Restored to Duty.

WASHINGTON, July 9 .- The findings and sentence in the case of Sergeant G. A. Weber of the signal corps, tried by court martial, has been approved by Major General Schofield. Weber was charged with disobedience of orders and conduct prejudicial to good order and military discipline. The court found him guilty of the first charge, but acquitted him of the second. He was sentenced to be reprinanded by the reviewing authority. The court in the sentence added: "The court is thus lenient on account of the loose and peculiar state of discipline existing in the United States signal service, as shown by evidence before the court." Gen. Schofield, in approving the finding of the court, says: "The accused was found guilty of the specific offense of disobedience of orders under circumstances which must tend to impair the efficiency of an important branch of the military service. In awarding its sentence the court did not base its action upon the previous good character of the accused nor does it seem to have been influenced by anything affecting him in the evi dence. The court seems not to have been aware that not the signal service but Sergeant Weber was on trial. It seems to have overlooked the fact that even if its uncalled for strictures were justified by the fact (a matter which was not before the court) it was called into existence for the purpose of correcting by proper punishment such infractions of discipline as were properly brought to its notice. This the court has failed to do, but the reviewing authority hopes that such action as has been taken will recall Sergeant Weber to that sense of soldierly subordination which is the foundation of all discipline and efficient military service. Subject to the foregoing remarks, the proceedings and findings are approved. Sergeant Weber will be released from arrest and restored to

To Increase the Efficiency. WASHINGTON, July 9 .- The adjutant general has informed Gen. Crook that he is authorized to use the entire regiment of the Second United States infantry for distribution to the camps of the Iowa national guard instead of going to the department camp of instructions, Fort Robinson, Neb. This is done with a view to increasing the efficiency of instruction of state troops over and above what would result from the encampment of a single company as asked for by the governor o

New Postmasters.

WASHINGTON, July 9.—The president late this afternoon appointed the following postmasters: Iowa-S. C. Leland, Toledo; L. B. Raymond, Hampton; A. S. Bergman,

Kansas—R. E. Deardoff, Dodge City; Mrs. C. L. Nichols, Fort Leavenworth; R. H. Fisher, Horton; S. Y. Timberlake, Columbus.

Nebraska-W. H. Stewart, Geneva; W. Campbell, Tecumsel; H. J. Straight

Plattsmouth. Presidential Appointments. WASHINGTON, July 9.—The president

today made the following appointments; Horace A. Taylor of Wisconsin, com-misioner of railroads; Thomas C. Mendenhall of Indiana, superintendent of the United States coast and geoditic sur-vey; Henry W. Deiderich of Indiana, consul at Leipsic.
Prof. Mendenhall took the oath of

office this afternoon and entered upon the discharge of his new duties. Granted a Respite.

WASHINGTON, July 9.—The president today granted a respite in the case of Frank Cavel, convicted of murder committed in the Indian territory and sentenced to be hauged July 17. A respite is given until August 9 in order to give the president an opportunity to examine the case. His sister is here seeking his

pardon. Ordered Home. WASHINGTON, July 9.—The officials who arrived at San Francisco from Sa-

moa recently, except Drs. White and Norflet, have been ordered home. Minor Mention. WASHINGTON, July 9.-Edward C. Parkinson of Nebraska has been ap-

pointed special examiner in the pension Commissioner of Pensions Tanner has returned to Washington from his trip in

the west.

The Indian office has awarded the contract for the construction of an Indian school building at Pierre, Dak., to C. A. Hubbard and S. N. Bell of Omaha, Neb., the price to be paid being \$21,640.

QUICK PUNISHMENT.

OLATHE, KAS., July 9.—Early this morning two burglars, John Chambers and John Chesser, entered the house of Ed Hyatt, a farmer living ten miles north of here, through the window. The noise aroused Mr. Hyatt, and drawing a revolver he fired three shots. Chesser fell through the window, but Chambers sprang to the bed and attempted to wrest the revolver from Hyatt's hand. Finally Mrs. Hyatt felled the burglar to the floor with a heavy walking stick. The three shots fired by Hyatt had taken effect in the body of the prostrate burglar and he died this eveming. His companion was

THE RELIEF COMMITTEE.

A Statement of What Has been Done for the Johnstown Bufferers.

CRESSON SPRINGS, PA., July 9 .- Gov. Beaver and the state relief commission met here this afternoon. The state officers at Johnstown and the Johnstown finance committee were in attendance. The wreck at Wilmerding Station, on the Pennsylvania railroad, and the refusal of the conductor of the limited to carry the state officers, occasioned annoying delay. Quartermaster Hill presented his report of disbursements for the relief of sufferers as follows:

The money for cleaning rivers and highways was paid out of the state fund. The money for the relief of sufferers was from the governor's fund. Since June 12 Contractor Ridge gets \$9,368.46; McNight, \$33,729.72 for state work and \$8,119.76 for relief work. An account of \$7,820.56 is still unpaid to McKnight, the state time keepers disagreeing on the amount. McLain & Co., Philadelphia, received \$34,607.10.

The relief commission held a long ses-

sion and decided to at once distribute \$500,000 among the Johnstown sufferers on the basis presented in the report of the Johnstown board of inquiry—that is from \$1,000 to \$1,200 to each sufferer in proportion to his losses and his ability to stand them. The Chicago committee was present and approved this appropriation. Its members decided to turn \$25,000 of their fund over to the Pitts-burg relief committee and an equal sum burg relief committee and an equal sum to the Williamsport committee for distribution east of the Allegheny mountains. The distribution of the money will begin tomorrow or the next day, and when the \$500,000 is exhausted another appropriation will be made. Each applicant for money will be required to make a sworm statement of his losses and assets. The proposition to distribute \$500,000 was opposed by some members of the commission, but they were voted down. In the course of the debate Gov. down. In the course of the debate Gov. Beaver stated that \$1,500,000 had already been expended in relieving the needs of sufferers. He probably meant that the total value of provisions and clothing sent to the Conemaugh valley was \$1, 500,000. The reports show that less than one-third that amount of cash has been

THE FLOOD-CURSED EAST.

NEW YORK SUFFERS A VISI-TATION.

Railroad Property Destroyed, Streets Flooded and a Nunber of Lives Reported Lost.

A Raging Torrent.

ALBANY, July 9,-A special from Johnstown, N. Y., this evening reports that a heavy rain has been falling since earlo this afternoon. The downpour caused the Caindatta creek to become a raging torrent, which soon burst its bounds. Two dams gave way, being unable to withstand the enormous pressure. On swept the torrent, taking with it the several skin factories along its banks, valued at many hundreds of dollars. The Fonda, Johnstown & Gloversville railroad looses some seven or eight bridges. There was another bridge crossing the creek, and on it viewing the flood were some thirty or forty people. The torrent, with increased power, tore the bridge from its foundations, hurling them in the seething flood beneath. At this writing it is imposssible to ascertain the number saved, but it is believed that many of them perished, At Fonda the Central Hudson railroad bridge was carried away almost bodily, taking with it the telegraph wires, so that it is almost impossible to hold communication between Fonda and the surrounding towns. The electrical light works situated a few miles from Johnstown are flooded tonight and the town is in darkness. Information from Fonda says the water is some three feet deep in the streets. Rain is still falling. Dispatches received by the Central Hudson railroad officials n this city tonight from Fonda contained but meagre information. They did not vary in the main from the above. Trains from the west were considerably delayed in consequence of the flood. SARATOGA, N. Y., July 9.—The tele

phone people at Amsterdam state that a washout at Aiken, N. Y., three miles west of there, tore up 400 feet of track and cut off communication with th west. Whether the washout was caused by a cloud burst, or by the breaking of a dam at Johnstown, N. Y., as rumored, cannot be ascertained. Amsterdam reports an exceedingly heavy rain storm in that section just before communication was cut off. Aiken is on the New York Central and a creek which furnishes water power to several mills runs through

the place.
NEW YORK, July 9.—Efforts to obtain communication with any point within the localities of Johnstown and Amsterdam, where it is rumored there has been a disaster, are unavailing because the telegraph wires throughout the section have been destroyed. Some reports have reached here that a cyclone caused the reached here that a cyclone caused the disaster, while a more serious character is given to the story by the indefinate, and as yet unconfirmed, rumors that there has been considerable loss of life.

SCHENECTADY, N. Y., July 9.—A cloud burst and washed the Central railroad tracks out between Aikens and Tribes

Hill stations, five miles west of Amsterdam, this afternoon, causing delay to trains. It seems impossible to get any particulars here tonight as to how bad the break is or how long it will take to repair it. Some of the trains, hurrying to make up lost time, narrowly escaped the cloud

burst, but all did escape. One house was partially washed away, but no lives lost. There is no wire west of Amsterdan and there is a rumor that the storm extended to Johnstown, in Fulton county. ATTEMPTED TO BUN A DAM.

KILBOURN CITY, Wis., July 9 .- Emil Plettig and Gus John of Chicago, ac companied by a guide, attempted to run a dam in a row boat this morning. Plettig and John were drowned by the capazing of the boat. The guide escaped by swimming ashore.

LEADING QUESTION.

LIBERAL LEADERS ACTIVE IN REFORM.

They Propose to Know Why Outrages are Still Permitted in Armenia.

England's Royalty Highly Inconsed at the Late Action of the House

of Commons.

Russell Harrison in London-Some Anxicty Regarding Gen. Wodehouse's Army-The Parnell Inquiry .-Foreign Notes,

London Gossip. LONDON, July 9.—The liberal leaders have determined to bring up for discussion in the house at an early date the question of outrages on Armenia. They believe that Lord Salisbury attaches altogether too much importance to the denial which emanates from Turkish sources and they claim to have positive information that the reports of cruelties practiced upon the Armenian Christians

by their Mohammedan rulers have not been exaggerated. Mr. George Lewis, one of the counsel for the Parnellites before the Parnell commission, has sent a summons to Mr. Houston, the secretary of the Irish] loyal and patriotic league, to produce the books of the league. He has also subpœnaed persons who loaned Houston money. It is considered probable that Justice Hannan will exclude their evidence on the ground of complicity.

The queen and the Prince of Wales are very much chagrined at the treatment accorded them in the house of commons in referring the whole question of doweries for the young princess and princesses to a committee on royal grants. The government having been forced by the threat of determination of liberal opposition to accept the royal grants committee, now finds itself antag-onized by the leading tories, who object to the whole committee business. Under threat of revolt they have already ex-torted from Mr. W. H. Smith, first lord of the treasury, the promise that the cases of children in the direct line of succession to the throne shall not be in-cluded within the scope of the committee's inquiry.
Russell Harrison, who is in England

on business connected with his newspaper, Frank Leslie's Illustrated Weekly, attended Lord Salisbury's garden party at Hatfield yesterday. It is stated that Mr. Harrison is negotiating with a syndicate of English capitalists who made an offer to purchase this paper. The German government evidently has no disposition to forget its grudge

against Switzerland. The Berlin authorities today announced that they have put on a new express train between Berlin and Rome, which will run by way of Tyrol and the Bremer pass, thus avoid ing Switzerland altogether.
It is significantly commented upon in Berlin that the emperor has not of late invited Count Herbert. Bismarck to ac

company him on any of his excursions The count is quietly spending his holiday in the Taunus mountains.

Counciller Allman and his son France, engaged jointly in the banking busines at Bingen, have been convicted of fraud-

ulent practice and sentenced, the father to three years and the son to four years penal servitude. The death is announced at Mayence of the painter Herdtle.

The Paris police have definitely put a stop to the bull fights at the exposition grounds, many protests having been made against the shocking cruelties perpetrated by the fighters. Much Uneasiness.

LONDON, July 9.—Uneasiness is felt in from him said he was following a superior force of dervishes. The government is considering the advisability of sending reinforcements to him.

CAIRO, July 9.—Advices were received here today that Col. Wodehouse's cavalry occupied the camp of the enemy and found it deserted by all except several men, women and children, who were dying from thirst and exhaustion. The enemy surprised and killed a picket belonging to the Ninth battalion. Re-inforcements have not yet passed Wady-Halfa. Other advices say that Col. Wodehouse arrived at Adendan last night with an Egyptian force, where an engagement was had with the dervishes, resulting in a few deaths to each side.

The House of Commons. LONDON, July 9.-In the house of com-

mons this evening Mr. W. H. Smith, first lord of the treasury, moved the appointment of the committee on royal grants, proposing that the committee consist of twenty-three members. Mr. Dillwyn, liberal member from Swansea town, proposed to make the membership twenty-five by adding the names of two radical members, thus wiping out the majority of the supporters of the gov-ernment. Mr. Smith contended that the government should have a majority on the committee and that in this claim they were supported by all precedents. Mr. Gladstone supported Mr. Smith m this contention, and Mr. Bradlaugh spoke in favor of the amendment, which was finally rejected by a vote of 300 to 105.

The Parnell Commission. London, July 9.—Before the Parnell commission today Mayne, member of parliament, said he believed in boycotting and would carry it to the extent of re-

of the league. He had no sympathy with the moonlighters and had no reason to

fusing to sell a man the necessaries of life. If he wanted such necessaries he must conform to the views of his neighbors and not endeavor to frustrate their John O'Conner, another member parliament, testified that he denounced crime, which he regarded as an enemy

question as to whether he had met John Devoy and others in Ireland in 1879.

The Massachusetts Rifle Team. LONDON, July 9.—Several members of the Massachusetts rifle team entered for the Albert cup contest today, and Johnston won the minor prize with a score of 32, the winner of the cup making 33. The firing was at a 200 yard range, seven shots each. Hinman and Huddleston made 31 each, Private Bull 30, Hussey and Farrow 29 each, and Eades 27.

The Delagos Bay Railroad. LISBON, July 9.—The Portugese directors of the company, whose concessions to build the Delagoa Bay railway was cancelled by Portugal, have formally released the government the cancellation of the concessions. A general meeting of parties interested in the road will be held shortly, at which the English share holders will be present. A Rise in Flour.

LEEDS, July 9 .- The cornmillers' association here has made a further advance of one shilling a sack in the price of flour. This action has been taken on account of the bad reports of crops in Russia, combined with a decrease in foreign arrivals.

More Dead Bodies. Paris, July 9.—Thirty-seven more

bodies have been taken from the coal pit at Stetienne, in which the explosion occurred last night. LONDON, July 9.—The Prince of Men-

grelia, formerly a candidate for the Bulgarian throne, is dead. STILL THEY HESITATE

AND FEAR NOT OF BEING

LOST.

But Little Progress Made With the In dians at the Crow Creek Agency.

Another Council.

CROW CREEK AGENCY, S. DAK., (via Chamberlain, S. Dak.) July 9.—There was another council this afternoon. White Ghost, Drifting Ghost and Bull Ghost spoke on the part of the Indians. They complained generally of the failure of the government to treat them justly; that they formerly owned a vast territory and that their lands had dwindled without their getting anything for it until they had but little left and now were asked to sell part of is expected may be able to submit rethat. Gov. Foster, Maj. Warner, and Gen. Crook each spoke, giving reasons why the act of congress should be accepted, acknowledging that the Indians had doubtless grounds to complain of past treatment, which it was impossible now to rectify, and that whatever had been the action in the past now the government proposed to treat them fair-ly. At the conclusion of the council hose in favor of the bill began signing. It is impossible to say just what the result will be, but at this hour the prospects for getting the requisite threefourths is not encouraging. The lines are apparently drawn as last year, though there is less of the bitter feeling between the two factions.

HE WOULD NOT DELIVER.

A STATE DEPUTY IN LIMBO AT DENVER.

The Grand Jury at That Place Investigating Supposed Official Corruption.

Failed to Comply. DENVER, July 9.—It is learned that most of the time of the present grand jury has been occupied in the investiga-

tion of charges of corruption made against certain state officials and members of the last legislature regarding the purchase of furniture for the legislatvie building, stationery and other supplies for members of the assembly and for public printing, which, during the ninety days' session, aggregated in the neigh-borhood of \$60,000. In the absence of Secretary of State Rice, who is east, the grand jury demanded of his deputy, J. J. Wyatt, the keys to the rooms where the furniture in question is said to be stored, for the purpose of continuing their investigations. Wyatt disregarded the demands of the jury and was arrest ed for contempt, found guilty and sentenced to ten days in the county jail and a fine of \$100. His honor concluded by saying he would remit the jail sentence providing Wyatt turned over the keys on or before 4 p. m. tomorrow. It is understood the defendant will carry the matter to the higher court.

LADIES

In delecate health, and all who suffer from habitual constipation, will find the pleasant California liquid fruit remedy, Syrup of Figs, more easily taken and more beneficial in effect than any other remedy. It acts promptly yet gently on the bowels, kidneys, liver and stomach, and does not sicken or debilitate. For sale in 50 cent and \$1 bottles by H. W. Brown.

NEW BATES ON IRON.

PHILADELPHIA, July 9.—A prominent officer of the Pennsylvania Railroad company said today that on and after July 15 the rates on iron from the seaboard to the west will be put on the same basis as now charged from the west. For less than a car load it is 40 cents per 100 pounds, and for a car load or more 25 cents, while the rate from the west to the east is 25 and 20 cents respectively. These new rates apply only to pig iron and articles covered by the special iron tariff, which will expire on August 31

FEARS OF LYNCHING. St. Louis, July 9.—A Post-Dispatch

special from Springfield, Mo., states that Wm: Miles, who killed Sheriff Branson and Deputy Funk of Taney county July 4, surrendered to the sheriff of Greene county this morning at Springfield. He is to be tried Monday for killing Nat Kindey, a Bald Knobber leader. Great the moonlighters and had no reason to excitement prevails in Taney county and shield them. He declined to answer the it is feared Miles will be lynched.

AMONG THE RAILROADS

MEETING OF OFFICIALS AT

CHICAGO.

Withdrawal of the Alton and Fort Worth Roads From the Asso. •

Cut Rates Between Denver and Chicago Causes a Lively Meeting at

kansas City.

ciation Discussed.

Officials of the Southern Pacific Decide to Withdraw From the State of Texas-Dividend Declared-Rail-

road Notes.

The Meeting of Presidents. CHICAGO. July 9.—The members of the interstate railway association are in session here today with twenty-eight roads represented, the only absenties being representatives of the Chicago & Alton and the Denver, Fort Worth & Texas roads, which have given notice of withdrawal. The main question before the meeting is whether or not the association can be maintained without them. When the body adjourned for lunch Chairman Walker said that the meeting had been entirely harmonious; that not a word had been said about the

withdrawal of any other road and that

as far as he knew no other withdrawals

were contemplated. At the afternoon session Gen. Dodge of the Fort Worth & Denver road explained why he had given notice of withdrawal from the association. He stated that his road came into competition with a number of lines in southern Texas, and ne could not afford to be tied up by his allegiance to the interstate association He desired it distinctly understood, however, that his road would not unnecessa-rily demoralize rates. After a general discussion regarding the Alton and Burlington & Northern roads two committees were appointed, one to con-fer with the Alton officials and the other to consider the Burlington & Northern competitions The committee will meet at once and it ports at the general meeting tomorrow.
Presidents Cable of the Rock Island,
Stickney of the St. Paul & Kansas City,
Adams of the Union Pacific and Hughitt
of the Northwestern all stated today that

its abandonment was not to be thought of. The meeting will reconvene tomorrow at 10 o'clock, and it is expected will continue in session from day to day for the remainder of the week. · A Stormy Session. MILWAUKEE, July 9.—At a stormy session of the executive committee of the

Grand Army council last night a long set of resolutions were adopted practically stopping all further preparations for the national encampment in August until assurances are given that it will be held in this city. This action was due to the refusal of the mayor and common the common than the stopping and common the stopping all further preparations are stopping and common are stopping and common are stopping and common are stopping and common are stopping are sto council to appropriate \$50,000 for tents and barracks unless it was certain the Grand Army men were coming. Eight state department commanders met in Chicago and decided to issue circulars advising their posts not to come unless a 1 cent rate was granted by the railroads. This action upset all the local plans and led to the above result. If the state department commanders carry their threat into execution it is probable that the city will rescind its invitation.

A Breezy Discussion. KANSAS CITY, July 9.—A meeting of the passenger department of the trans-Missouri railway association was held today, and as was anticipated the Denver cut rates caused a breezy discussion. General Passenger Agent Sebastian of the Rock Island denied the Alton's charge that it (the Rock Island) had placed cut rate tickets with Denver brokers, and declared the Alton and Union Pacific had violated the association's rule. Counter charges were made in rapid succession and each met with a positive denial. Finally, without action,

an adjournment was taken till tomorrow. To Withdraw from the State. San Francisco, July 9.—Leland Stanford and C.P. Huntington have decided to withdraw the Southern Pacific from Texas. The state law in that state provides that no railway company operating roads within its borders has any legal statutes unless it maintains its principal office therein. The Southern Pacific officials say they could not do the latter, therefore the three Texas and Louisiana roads that now form a part of the Southern Pacific main line to New Orleans will hereafter be operated a dis-tinct road with different sets of offices. The office of the general manger will be

moved to Houston, Tex. The Alten Gives Notice. CHICAGO, July 9.—At a meeting of the western freight association today the proposition of the Chicago & Alton to reduce rates on cattle, dressed beef and packing house products from the Misouri river to Chicago was voted down. The Alton, thereupon, gave ten days' notice of its intention to put reduced rates

into effect. Given an Entrance.

New Haven, Conn., July 9.—The Derby railroad, between this city and Ansonia and Hawleykill has been leased for ninety-nine years by the Housatonic railroad, giving the latter an entrance to this city and connection with New York by the Starin line of steamers.

A Railroad Lease. New York, July 9.—It was announced today that the negotiations for a lease of the Cincinnati, Hamilton & Dayton railroad by one of the western systems were successfully closed and that the directors would probably meet on Thursday to ratify the agreement.

Dividend Declared NEW YORK, July 9.-The Milwaukee, Lake Shore & Western directors today declared a semi-annual dividend of 84 per cent. The statement presented showed a surplus over all charges from earnings in six months of \$298,000.

Individual salts and peppers have been designed as demijohns in silver.

THE DAILY JOURNAL LINCOLN, NEBRASKA.

EASTERN OFFICE-198 Broadway, New York,

Entered at the postoffice at Lincoln, Lancaster county, Nebraska, as second-class matter.

By mail one year By carrier per w WEEKLY EDITION. (3) When ordering a paper changed from one post-plice to another, always state the office at which you have been receiving it, as well as the one to which you water it sent. Also which edition you are receiving

SIXTY-SEVEN millions of gold coin and bullion have been exported from the United States within a year and the aloney markets do not miss it.

MEN who invest in trust certificates these days ought not to complain if they come out considerably squeezed. They have been sufficiently warned about the deceitful character of this kind of paper.

THE good Methodists of Nebraska are cordially welcomed to their summer camp meeting at Cushman. Lincoln wishes them a good attendance, pleasant weather and unbounded success in their gospel work.

PHILADELPHIA, which has covered more ground than any other city in the United States, until the recent unparaldeled system of annexation of all adjacent territory was adopted by Chicago. is very mad. Her leading editor declares that Chicago is a case of "bloat" and not of "growth." This is an insult.

AFTER working for a year in silk culture Mr. Walter Briggs of Seward county finds that this industry is a complete success in Nebraska. It requires patience and intelligence, but the rewards are a sufficient compensation for all the itrials attendant upon the work. Mr. Briggs is satisfied that silk culture will be a great source of wealth to the state, and in order to hasten the development of the industry will cheerfully give information to all who are anxious to make an effort in this direction.

It is announced that the authorities of Pisa have become tired of their everlasting leaning tower, and have put it up to be raffled off. Now is the time for Chicago to make a break. With two such attractions in the market as Virgil's tomb in Florence and Pisa's justly celebrated leaning tower, Lincoln park ought to be well supplied with unique attractions. Let Chicago offer a lump sum for the tower and stop the raffle. It would be a better card for this ambitious city than Cleopatra's crumbling needle is for New York.

THE Augusta Chronicle is delighted with the spirit with which the governors of Mississippi, Louisiana and Alabama entered into the struggle to stop the mill between Sullivan and Kilrain, and exhorts them to show the same zeal to accomplish other reforms much more needful to the welfare of the people of their respective states. "Search the hip pocket," it exclaims, "pen up the duellists. There are other men besides Sullivan and Kilrain that will bear watching. | sleep, draws off her blood again, and is In the control of men entirely desperate, about to reinject fresh blood when he the gun is deadlier than the glove."

An English actor has been interviewed in San Francisco on "how it feels to be handsome." He is very positive in his assertion that good looks handicap an actor. People will say that even an honestly earned reputation is built more on a handsome face and form than real ability. He also declares that the popular supposition that actors receive bushels of letters of adoration from the fair sex has no foundation in fact. Requests for autographs and photographs are often received from susceptible young persons, but according to this frank interviewee the "mash letters" that so many actors prate about are myths.

THE recent argument of Gen. Butler in favor of a union, offensive and defensive, of the English speaking peoples, is pretty favorably received by the various branches of the Anglo Saxon family. It is not a new idea, but Ben puts it perhaps more forcibly than usual. When the other great races of the human family are drawing their lines together is so constant and the heat so intense and talking German unity, Latin unity, pan slavism and so on, and apparently expecting to get a sinch on other people by their strong alliances, it behooves the English speaking nations to look out a little for their own hand. They certainly cannot afford to fight among themselves when the other great races are combining for business or pleasure.

A SERMON ON BASE BALL.

A Methodist clergyman in Indianapolis has been compelled to preach a sermon in defense of base ball by the carpings of some of his brethren in the city. It ought not to be necessary to defend the national game from the pulpit. Base ball is a boon to every community that has within it sufficient manly elements

to raise and support a good club. It is a standing lecture temperance and righteous living. The boy who can shine as a pitcher, catcher, short stop or batter demonstrates that he inherits good blood from a line of honest ancestry and that he has those habits that are requisite for cleanly living and success in the pursuit of happiness and usefulness. Like other

good things it may be abused. But it is a credit to the American nation that base ball is its most popular amusement and . has superseded turkey pulling, pigeon shooting, throwing dice Wordrinks, cock fighting, bull baiting and other amusements that our forefathers so much delighted in. Every right minded clergyman in the land will the territories, with a good population encourage base ball and bring up his boys to play it for all that they are on toward statehood. Give the Wyomworth as an example to the other young ing star a chance to go on with the other men of the community.

THE ELIXIR OF LIFE. Dr. Brown-Sequard, the great French specialist in nervous diseases, announced after twenty years of experimenting he again, as strong as ever.

doctor was advanced many years ago man. and he has been steadily working out the problem in his laboratory for years. He has tried innumerable experiments ing on himself. Certain organs or glands are taken from a young and vigorous animal, still quivering with life, and reduced at once to a pulp in a mortar with distilled water.

From this compound he extracts an essence which is used as a hypodermic injection. He claims that he administered to himself with an ordinary hypodermic syringe a cubic centimeter of this esof his elixir he felt himself transformed. Up to that time half an hour's work. standing in his laboratory, exhausted him. He is seventy-two years old. Now he declares he can study three hours uninterruptedly without the least repose. His appetite is increased, his intellect cleared, all his animal functions are performed admirably, and his feelings are youthful. He calculated that the dose he took is equivalent to ten years of rejuv-

Of course there is a great deal of increduility among the medical profession about this alleged discovery of this distinguished specialist. But doubtless there will be a good deal of private search after the secret, and every adept at the manipulation of tissues and essences will be secretly trying experiments on the domestic animals subject to his control. If an old worn out dog can be made as good as new by the addition of a few live cells from a bounc- man who frets his gizzard about these ing pup to his blood the world is on the things lacks a balance wheel. brink of a great revolution.

It is somewhat singular that within the past three months a story has been in progress in one of our magazines, the Cosmopolitan, the location being in an prohibition went into effect, The Kanold lost mine in Michigan, in which an experiment similar in detail to that announced by Brown-Sequard, is the principal feature.

It is a professor of a German university who studies out the problem in his laboratory, and finally when he has convinced himself of its successful solution by experiments on his dog he resusitates his nieco, dying with a fever, and marvellously restores her to life and health by tapping her carotid artery, drawing off her blood until she is apparently lifeless, and then injecting new blood in which the essence has been mixed.

Telling this secret to two of his coleagues he is attacked by the rude skepticism of one of them so fiercely, that he offers to repeat the experiment in their presence. Everything being prepared he chloroforms his neice in her spills every drop of the 'essence,' in pretending nervousness. Then that he must hurry after more. leaves the room and runs wildly to the wharf and embarks for America. He flees to the Michigan mine and hires out as a miner to better conceal himself, and is crushed by the collapse of the roof of the mine. In the mean time the doctors left are scared out of their seven senses for awhile, as they confront the victim of their experiment, dead before them, but finally one of them manages to secure a few drops of the elixir from a fragment of the flask and injects it with fresh blood according to the theory of the experimenter. The niece comes to life but the uncle who has fled never hears of it.

WORK FOR HUMANITARIANS.

Passengers on the great ocean grevhounds hardly know that their quick trips are made at the cost of much human suffering. To feed the fires of the great ships the services of scores of men are required. These stokers work only a few hours at a time, but the exertion that it requires great physical endurance to stand the strain. When the City of Paris left Liverpool for her last voyage a strike was on among this class of laborers, and 130 green hands were shipped for the round trip. Most of these men were overcome by the heat, which is often higher than 132 degrees farenheit. They were kept at work as much as possible until their condition became so notorious over the ship that the passengers interfered and secured a little better treatment for them. When New York was reached the whole force was kept imprisoned on the ship for fear of a general desertion, but some thirty managed to slip away and have not yet been found. These men gave up their homes and friends in England and risked prosecution in case of return, because they were afraid to live six more days in the stoke

It does seem that the modern builders ought to so construct their vessels that this suffering could be lessened or done away with altogether. In these times the engineer or architect who can plan to save or prolong life or lessen pain may command his own price for his work. There ought to be no insuperable obstacle in the way of making these stoke holes habitable.

PERHAPS after all Uncle Sam had better wait a few months before putting the four new stars on the national flag. Here is Wyoming, one of the liveliest of and plenty of resources, marching right UNNECESSARY FRET.

Mr. Hadji Hassan Ghooly Khan failed to catch onto the American manner of the other day to the biological society showing honor to our great men. Inof Paris, of which he is president, that stead of prostrating themselves before high officials on the streets and kotowing had discovered a true clixir of life. It is in the drawing rooms as in Persia, they a substance that will rejuvenate the old honor the great men in the United and put the feeble in body on their feet States by putting their names in the newspapers arraigned as rascals and ridi-His theory is that if the living cells of | culed as fools. If the press has been young and vigorous being could be in- making fun of Hadji Hassan Ghooly jected into another where the vitality Khan or hailing him as a horse thief was low, the organism so treated would from Teheran he can flatter himself that receive new life. The theory of the he too is recognized as a leading states-

But Mr. Khan was in any event the victim of his own imprudence. Like a good many other people in Washington on animals and finished by experiment- he was bitten on his arrival with an unholy thirst to know everything that the newspapers said of him. There is a pest in New York in the shape of an incorporated company of newspaper nosers, which takes all of the fifteen thousand papers in the United States and will undertake for a specified sum per month, to clip out and send to any great American statesman, or other sort of statesman, everything that is said of him in sence. The day following two injections all the newspapers of the country and send him the clippings every day or everv week.

In that way Hadji caused himself a great deal of unnecessary friction. If he had not itched for this information neither he or his royal master need have ever known that they said anything about him in the newspapers. But when a man with a name as long as his projects himself into American official life, they will say something about him at all hazards.

Ignorance is the highest bliss in cases of that sort. It is absolutely immaterial to the Persian ambassador and to any other man who doesn't have to run an election campaign for an office what the newspapers, as a general thing, say explosion of a cartridge. about him. No reader thinks of the comment for longer than thirty seconds, and the editors just put it in to fill up with, and do not remember twenty-four hours what they said themselves. The

THE Kansas City Times has been ex-The Kansas City Times has been exposing the real condition of the towns in the neighboring state of Kansas since his place being filled by Dr. Summers of sas papers retaliate by printing columns of special correspondence from the great city on the mouth of the Kaw, graphically depicting the business stagnation fruits at a school pionic. that has fallen like a blight upon the place. Kansas City is pronounced by the The train that was wrecked Thursday near Fairfield, In. He escaped uninjured, but Wm. Blackburn, another exruin. There are 5,000 vacant dwellings. nearly as many vacant stores, and fully ten millions of dollars' worth of good buildings that do not rent for enough to pay the taxes. Poverty is on the increase, according to the Topeka authority, and crime is rampant. Business is waning and capital and labor are falling over each other in the scramble to get away from the town. This is all very funny, but still it would be better for the west if the city of Kansas City and the state of Kansas would wash their soiled linen in private.

An Incriminating Circumstance. Arkansas lawyer: Did you see blood on the hands of the prisoner when you met him at Sutter's Fork? Witness: No, but they looked 's if the'd

washed 'em a few hours afore.—Time. Disgruntled St. Louis.

With her one hundred and seventy square miles of farming land, Chicago presents the rus in urbe yet mapped out. Henceforth the traveller must beware of assuming that a fellow passenger is simple rustic because he has horny hands and hayseed adornments. He may hail from the very centre of Chicago.-Post

Seasonable Advice. It's cooling and soothing to think of ice,
And reading of polar travels is nice;
And a snooze or a smoke in the shade of an oak
Is all very well; but take my advice.
If you want to be cool as a fountain's spurt
Or a frog in a pool, wear your finnel shirt!
—Reading Tires.

Metropolitan Wit. To New Yorkers who are going into the country for a few weeks: Be careful to avoid extremes, especially those of wasps.—New York Herald.

Bootblack No. 1-Wot's de matter wid yer, Skinny? Ain't made a nickel all

Bootblack No. 2 (with emotion)-I tell yer, Blinky, de biz is knocked out wid dem russet shoes. I'se got ter shine wid yaller paint, er else go ter der conwent r be a nun er somethin'—Pittsburg Bul-

Hard on the Journalists.

The Nebraska editorial excursionists are now doing the west. There are a good many people with the excursion but a very few representative newspaper editors. The representative newspaper editors generally have to stay at home to run the papers.—Fremont Tribune.

Too Near the Line.

College athletics in this country have always commanded respect, because they have never been marked by any thing that savored of professionalism. When nine Harvard and Yalemen, however, go abroad to teach the Britishers how to play base ball, and accept \$20 a week each for personal expenses, they are going dangerously near the line. It ought to be sufficient for them to have their expenses paid.—New York Star.

The British Belly.

Mr. Keely, what will you take for your motor? Perhaps that enterprising British syndicate that is now going up and down our land seeking what it may absorb would like to buy it. And does anybody know if the Hoosac tunnel or the Mammoth cave is in the market? The syndicate might like to get a corner in tunnels and caves, after it has had its fill of breweries and flour mills.—

New York Tribune.

MISTOOK HIS CALLING:

"Young man," said the rich member of the church to the young pastor, "you ought to have been a pugilist instead of

"Why? I don't understand you, sir." replied the minister, who was naturally shocked and pained. "The explanation is simple: it is very desirable in a pugilist to be long winded."-Merchant Traveller.

WESTERN NEWS.

The new court house at Blair will cost

The Sterling Press publishes a German

The Nebraska City Press is thirty-one vears old. Nebraska has 9,521,966 acres of improved land.

The Farmers' and Merchants' bank at Humboldt has failed. The young men of Fremont are giving

amateur minstrel performances Grand Island has raised a bonus of \$40,000 for a beet sugar factory.

Three cases of scarlet fever are reported two miles southwest of Leigh. A hole in the ground has been sunk at Brownville to the depth of 1,000 feet.

Coal is the object. The north Nebraska press association will hold its annual meeting at Norfolk on Friday, July 12.

Insurance agents of the state must file onds with city clerks before transacting my more business.

Beatrice has been made headquarters for the railway building and loan association of Minneapolis.

Boya's opera house in Omaha was sold the other day to the American Loan and Frust company for \$250,000.

Meyer Schuminzky was shot by Jim Delong without provocation and without warning last week near Rulo.

The Dubois Times, after a trance of about six months, has been revived by the application of a new editor. According to the figures of City Engineer Nims, Nebraska City contains 1,478

acres, or two and three-tenths square Crow Butte, near Crawford, will go

down in Nebraska history as the site of the last bloody battle between the Crow and Sioux Indians. The ninth annual normal institute for Gage county will be held at Beatrice, commencing July 22 and continuing to

the 10th day of August. Michael Walsh, a member of company A. Eighth infantry, at Fort Niobrara, was recently seriously wounded by the

There are 7,032 miles of railroad assessed in the state. The valuation varies from \$4,000 to \$11,000 per mile, average

\$5,880. Total assessed value \$8,583,325. John Williams, an old man aged about sixty, who is an inmate of the Gage county poor house, fell from a porch of the house last week, and broke his collar

The Tecumseh Chieftain has changed

The nine year old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Mart Sparks, living two miles west of Diller, died last week from the effects of eating ice cream, cherries and other Charles Adle of Nebraska City was on

press messenger, was badly hurt. Professional tax dodgers in Sarpy

county have been brought to time by the county commissioners giving notice that all mortgages on file and not properly given in to the assessors would be charged up on the tax list at full face value.

The steamboats Alert and William Stone passed up the river Saturday, returning Tuesday. They are part of the government service engaged in making improvements on the river from Nebraska City to Omaha.-Brownville News. It is reported that the gophers have tapped the Bartley canal and that it is now a regular irrigating ditch for all the

country between it and the river. It is men and experts, from actual explora-hard to tell what a wonderful institution tion and tests, predict a product which that canal may yet prove to be.—Cambridge Chronicle. On of the shortest marriage ceremonies on record was performed at Rush-

ville last week. The couple stepped from a car to the platform and while the train stopped were married. The contracting parties were Mr. L. D. Barnes of Cody and Miss Hannah Miller. It is reported that the Sioux City council has revoked the charter or license under

which the pontoon bridge at that place has been operated, on the ground that the structure is dangerous and a nuisance. Some of the boats sank recently when crowded with cattle and a number were drowned.

Nebraska has two companies formed for the manufacture of beet sugar, and machinery for their factories is being purchased in Germany. Analysis of Ne-braska beets made last year by the division of chemistry of the department of agriculture resulted in a showing of 15 to 16 per cent sugar.

While T. L. Arthur was at work last Monday in McBain & Arthur's implement warehouse, he suddenly felt a strange sensation in his head and immedintely left for the drug store. It was found that he had burst a blood vessel, and he rapidly relapsed into an apoplectic state. He has remained in almost the same condition ever since. His friends and relatives yet hope for the best .-Scribner News.

Rulo is experiencing lively times. It is related by the railroad boys that as four of their number were going to their lodgings they were followed by four thugs, who, each picking his man, sand bagged his victim and went through his pockets. The railroaders had observed the men following them but supposed they were some of their fellow workmen, and took no precautions against an attack. It is said the haul amounted to about \$100 from the four. Then on Sunday evening two more hold ups were reported, but with one murder, one mar-derous assault and "about forty fights" to talk about no one paid much attention to the last rumor.—Rido Times.

"Neither do men light a candle and put it under a bushel." It would seem however, that the people of Nebraska have kept a knowledge of her wonderful resources and her rapid development under a bushel for lo, these many years. The state of Kansas is advertised in the east, and is regarded as a state whose soil possesses marvellous fertility, and yet, for the last three or four years, Kansas has been suffering from famines, while Nebraska has been rejoicing in abundant crops. Now that a state board of trade has been organized, some systematic and effective work may be expected in the way of advertising Nebraska among the people of the east.-Beatrice Republican.

There was quite a sensation created at Newport. A man calling himself Ferdinand Harold, and claiming to haif from Sioux City, and in fact to be the leading physician of that city, landed in Newport and commenced paying attention to Miss Mattie Cole, a very respectable young lady of that place. He represented himself to her to be worth \$100,000 and upon her promise to marry him, he presented her a check on the Sioux City National bank for \$30,000. Some of the young men of that place had a suspicion that everything was not right, and teleman to the sioux City.

West. This edution of all the features and resources of every section of Colorado, showing the many advantages offered to investors and settlers.

That farming by irrigation pays seems to be clearly demonstrated from the fact that Colorado farmers are obtaining a net revenue from their potato and alfalfa lands of from \$10 to \$40 per acre per years ago was purchased from the government at \$1.25 per acre returns now an annual revenue of 10 per cent on valuations from \$100 to \$400 per acre. that everything was not right and tele-graphed to several firms at Sloux City, and received the same answer from all, and received the same answer from all, that they knew of no such a person. The Children Cry for Pitcher's Castorie.

scamp got wind of what was going on, and skipped the country, leaving his overcoat and grip sack as mementoes to Miss Mattie, to remind her of how near she came being a married woman.— Rock County Republican.

Times are quiet in Deadwood and verybody knows it.

South Dakota is entitled to 448 repre entatives in the state convention. The old time stage coaches still run be-tween Sturgis and the interior of the

Several thousand dollars are disbursed every pay day at the Caledonia mine and mill in the Black Hills.

Strangers visiting Rapid City are told some pretty fishy stories about a deer leaping over Dark canon. A gentleman recently learned that

Pierre was to be the new capital, and he s now investing some cold cash, showing his faith in visions. Indian visitors at Fall River were on a bender Sunday and a white man who furnished them liquor has been arrested

and will be prosecuted. Jamestown, N. Dak., tried to induce the members of the constitutional convention to meet there by promising to pay their board. But the bribe was scorned.

Men are at work in the Garden City mine in the Black Hills, and a fine six foot vein of ore is exposed for almost the entire length of a seventy-five foot tun-nel. They have about 100 tons of ore on the dump, which assays from \$16 to \$6 per ton.

This is what Rev. John A. Wilson said to the Dakota schools: Let us hope that Dakota schools and colleges will never have a champion base ball team, or a champion anything else, save champion ladies and gentlemen, equipped with a champion share of culture, mental and physical, for accomplishing some noble end in life.

I transpires that Immigration Com-missioner Hagerty was the real purchaser of the Aberdeen News and that in putting at its head Mr. Schlosser of the Dakoto Ruralist he turns it over to the uses of the farmers' alliance and the prohibitionists, to be managed in the political interest of Gov. Melette and himself.—Press and Dakotan.

The committee on rules met in Sioux Falls and prepared its report. judiciary committee will consist of twelve members, executive seven and legislative twenty-five. There are about fifty other committees to which will be referred all matters pertaining to the constitution. The committee recommended a commission of seven to go to Bismarck to divide the territory's prop-

Wyoming.

Wyoming claims marble, coal, iron and oil equal to any section of the continent.

Cheyenne is now a railroad center. Her shops now building are bringing her to the front as a railroad pivot. The contract for the completion of the

Cheyenne & Northern to a junction with the Wyoming Central at or near Douglas has been let. Ed Sweeney, a thirteen year old youth

of Cheyenne, a few days since was seri-ously wounded by the accidental discharge of a revolver. If our momory serves us right, at least one democratic paper in Wyoming has contended that statehood would in no way assist in the development of the

territory—that it would actually keep

capital out instead of offering an inducement to it to come in. The oil fields in the northern part of Carbon county, stretching westward into and across Fremont county, are already ascertained to be phenomenal in riches and geographical extent. Practical oil

decorum at Denver, They had the crack militia company and the finest band of the celebration. Jealousy and chagrin at these superior features were natural in the Denver people. Whatever Cheyenne attempts she does in first class style. There is nothing shoddy nor contemptible about the Magic city. She is always pospitable, generous, first class and never neglects her guests. Denver is a great city, but she has yet to learn the beauty of attention, politeness and hospitality. Cheyenne Tribune.

One of the shrewdest financiers in North Dakota is Frederick R. Fulton of Grand Forks. He is president of two national banks and director in a third, each in a different city. Recently when asked if coming statebood was having any appreciable effect in a financial way, he replied: "Yes, I discovered it recently to my cost. It was in the sale of \$80,000 worth of bonds by the authorities of Stutsman county. I have been buying bonds so long in Dakota that I know about what bidders I have got to contend against and about what they will do. Bond buying is my business and I am not often left. When I got to Jamestown I found there were thirteen other bids, and although I put in what was a pretty stiff premium, I didn't get those bonds."—Laramie Boomerang.

Colorado.

Holyoke is twenty-one months old. It is said moss agate is brought into Colorado and sold to strangers as a native product. The rainfall so far in eastern Colorado

their best. An electric light plant, a \$10,000 public school building and an \$8,000 church are the latest improvements under way at Holyoke.

has been ample, and crops are looking at

A member of the Denver detective force has been discharged because he travelled on his shape and refused to pay for his drinks.

It may be true in a certain way that "Colorado's wealth of scenery is greater than her wealth of gold and silver." But it is often not as available for practical purposes .- Denver Times.

Society is in a turmoil at Emma, in Pitkin county, over the elopement of Miss Clara Deitrick and Miss Ora Chatfield. Both girls appear to be perfectly rational, and everything except their unnatural affection for each other, and the case is one for the attention of scientists. The publisher of the Colorado Ex-

change Journal is preparing for publication what promises to be the grandest industrial issue ever published in the west. This edition will contain a care-

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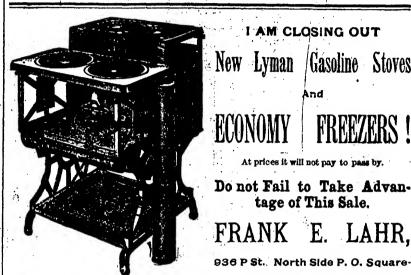
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